

A Guide to Navigating LHON with Money in Mind

Information & Resources for the
Missouri LHON Community

Updated May 2026

Purpose

Individuals who carry an LHON mutation can experience sudden-onset blindness at any age. When this occurs, it is a life-changing event for the individual affected, their family, and loved ones.

There are many ways in which LHON onset can have a significant financial impact on all involved. Fortunately, there are many resources available to help mitigate that financial impact.

The goal of this document is to help the Indiana LHON community become familiar with resources that can limit negative financial impacts. While designed for the LHON community, some of the information may be of value to others with vision loss. It provides descriptions and contact information for agencies and programs that can help achieve better financial outcomes for affected patients and their loved ones. Unaffected carriers can also benefit by being better prepared in case they experience LHON vision loss one day.

The organizations and services listed in this document provide free or low-cost assistance. There are many other valuable fee-for-service agencies available. In some cases, those may be a better fit for you. To access them, simply search for blind or low-vision services in your city/region.

This document is intended as a general guide only. It was developed by LHON volunteers and is subject to change. It does not purport to provide legal, financial, or tax guidance. You should check with each listed provider and your own advisors for your specific situation.

We gratefully acknowledge the volunteer efforts of the students and faculty of the University of Notre Dame Patient Advocacy Initiative, without whose time and energy, this document would not be possible.

Table of Contents

TRAINING AND TECHNICAL RESOURCES

- Missouri Department of Social Services
- Missouri Council of the Blind General Website
- Rehabilitation Services for the Blind
- National Federation of the Blind of Missouri
- Missouri Statewide Independent Living Council
- Missouri Benefits and Resource portal
- Lighthouse for the Blind - St. Louis
- Delta Gamma Center for Children with Visual Impairments
- Hadley
- VisionAware

DISABILITY INSURANCE

- Family Medical Leave
- Long-Term Disability Insurance
- Missouri Department of Insurance

SOCIAL SECURITY

- Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Missouri Disability Portal
- Employment Supports
- Protection & Advocacy for Beneficiaries of Social Security

MEDICAL INSURANCE

- Medicare
- MO Healthnet
- Blind Pension Program
- Supplemental Aid to the Blind Program
- Cover Missouri
- The Missouri Primary Care Association
- Missouri SHIP
- Missouri Council of the Blind - Health Benefit Program
- Missouri Rx Plan
- Missouri Family Support Division

Missouri Department of Mental Health

GENETIC TESTING

Obligate Carrier/On the Maternal Bloodline

First in Family

EDUCATION

Early Childhood

School Age

Higher Education

American Foundation for the Blind Digital Inclusion Toolkit

Missouri Council of the Blind Youth Services

Missouri Council of the Blind Educational Scholarship

Nationally Available Scholarships

Student Loan Forgiveness

EMPLOYMENT

Disability Rights

Employment Assistance Programs

Goodwill Services for People with Disabilities

Job Accommodation Network

TRANSPORTATION

Discounted Public Transportation

Paratransit

Ability Transportation

Cape Girardeau County Transit Authority

Go Como Columbia's Public Transit

Ray County Direct Transit

Jefferson City Handi-Wheels

RideKC Freedom

Disability Parking Placard

Ridesharing Services

GoGoGrandparent

Air Travel

Miracle Flights

Amtrak

TRAVEL & LEISURE

Missouri Council of the Blind Youth Camp

National Parks Access Pass

Fishing License

Theatre Discounts

SPORTS

Challenged Athletes Foundation

Dare2Tri

Audiobooks and Periodicals

Bookshare

Braille and Audio Reading Download

Braille and Talking Book Library

Libby by OverDrive

NFB-NEWSLINE

Wolfner Talking Book and Braille Library

ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY

Aira

Be My Eyes

Seeing AI

Apple Pay

Assistive Technology Fund

Computers for the Blind

TAX TIPS

Deduction for the Legally Blind

Impairment-Related Work Expenses

Medical Deductions for the Blind

Tax Preparation Assistance

Missouri Tax Credit Claim

MISCELLANEOUS

Leader Dogs for the Blind

Low-Cost Grocery Delivery

Southeast Guide Dogs (Florida)

Avoiding Unnecessary Medical Care

General Financial Support

TRAINING AND TECHNICAL RESOURCES

Missouri Department of Social Services

[Missouri Department of Social Services](#) (DSS) offers various programs and services, including medical assistance and disability support, to Missouri residents. Services include benefit programs, child support, training, and employment.

Missouri Council of the Blind General Website

[Missouri Council of the Blind](#) (MCB) offers various programs, including adaptive technology training and resources, to support visually impaired individuals across Missouri. Additionally, they offer the MCB White Cane Program which provides a white cane to all legally blind people that request one. One cane is provided each year as needed.

Rehabilitation Services for the Blind

[Rehabilitation Services for the Blind](#) (RSB) provides support services, independent living aid, and assistive technology training to visually impaired individuals in Missouri. Services are offered to all ages, from children to seniors, and include a wide range of training from home management to independent travel. Opportunities for personal and employment success as well as financial support are available.

National Federation of the Blind of Missouri

The [National Federation of the Blind](#) (NFB) is the oldest and largest nationwide organization of blind Americans. Founded in 1940 and headquartered in Baltimore, the NFB consists of affiliates, chapters, and divisions in all 50 states. Through its network of blind members, it coordinates programs, services, and resources that provide information and support to children and adults. It offers training and career mentoring, as well as scholarships and awards. Additionally, the NFB sponsors the [Free White Cane Program](#) where any blind individual in the fifty states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico can request a cane for their personal use. Requests can be made as often as every six months.

Missouri Statewide Independent Living Council

[Missouri Statewide Independent Living Council](#) (MOSILC) advances independent living and the rights of people with disabilities, demanding consumer empowerment, control, equal access, and full integration. There are 22 centers across Missouri to assist with independent living while experiencing blindness.

Missouri Benefits and Resource portal

The [Missouri Veterans Benefits portal](#) offers resources for veterans and their families, covering areas such as healthcare, employment, education, and housing. Services include assistance in accessing federal and state benefits, with guidance through Veterans Service Officers available throughout Missouri.

St. Louis Society for the Blind and Visually Impaired

The [St. Louis Society for the Blind and Visually Impaired](#) organization offers adaptive education, training, and support services to help individuals with visual impairments

lead independent lives. This includes complementary Braille education, daily living skills, peer groups, counseling, transportation, and access to assistive technology.

Lighthouse for the Blind - St. Louis

The [Lighthouse for the Blind-St. Louis](#) is a nonprofit organization that offers employment opportunities and training programs for individuals who have vision impairments, focusing on independence and self-sufficiency.

Delta Gamma Center for Children with Visual Impairments

[Delta Gamma Center](#) (DGC) for Children with Visual Impairments is located in St. Louis, Missouri, and provides life-changing services to help ensure children can reach their full potential. DGC offers early intervention services, free vision screenings, and support for children with vision impairments and their families. This includes tailored, at-home educational and therapy services, engaging activities, a parental support network, and a group recreation and developmental support program.

Hadley

[Hadley](#) offers free online learning opportunities in assistive technology, daily living, recreation, employment, Braille, and other topics. Additionally, they offer podcasts and online discussion groups covering a wide array of topics.

VisionAware

[VisionAware](#) is a free, easy-to-use informational service for adults with vision loss. They provide practical tips and resources for adults, their families, friends, caregivers, and related professionals. The information includes eye diseases and disorders, ways to connect with others through social media channels like Twitter and Facebook, the VisionAware blog, the 'Visually Impaired, Now What?' blog by Peer Advisors, and a searchable, free Directory of Services.

DISABILITY INSURANCE

Family Medical Leave

Both federal (FMLA) and Florida laws require covered employers to provide family and medical leave for eligible employees. These laws require employers to provide up to 12 weeks off in a consecutive 12-month period for the employee's serious health condition, or for the employee to care for a family member with a serious health condition. This leave need not be taken consecutively. In the state of Indiana, the eligibility requirements for FMLA are the following:

- Have worked for the company for at least a year
- Worked at least 1250 hours in a 12-month period immediately preceding the request or start of FMLA absence.
- Has not exhausted the FMLA allotment for the current fiscal year.

Upon return from FMLA leave, an employee must be restored to his or her original job or to an equivalent job with equivalent pay, benefits, and other terms and conditions of employment. An employee's use of FMLA leave cannot be counted against the employee under a "no-fault" attendance policy. [fmla-employee-guide.pdf](#)

Long-Term Disability Insurance

Long-term disability (LTD) insurance is a private insurance policy that protects an employee from loss of income if he or she is unable to work for a long period due to illness, injury, or accident. LTD insurance ensures that an employee will still receive a percentage of their income if they are unable to work for an extended period. It can be provided and paid for by employers or individuals. Your employer may offer an LTD option. If a company doesn't offer LTD insurance or if an employee wants additional coverage, he or she has the option to purchase an individual LTD plan.

Some employers, if they do not provide LTD insurance, will develop a relationship with an LTD insurance company to offer an employee discount for their staff who choose to purchase an LTD policy.

LTD insurance provided by an employer may be inadequate to meet your needs. In this case, you might want to consider purchasing supplemental LTD insurance. Since it's expensive for an individual to purchase, LTD insurance is often available through an employee's professional associations at a discounted rate.

LTD insurance benefits usually begin when short-term disability insurance benefits end. Payments to the employee from their employer's LTD insurance (such as where the employer subsidized the premiums) are taxable income.

Payments from an employee-purchased plan, and/or where the employee paid premiums themselves on an after-tax basis, are usually not taxable income.

LTD policies sometimes have offset language. For example, a policy may require an employee to secure Social Security Disability Insurance. The insurance company will then reduce its payment by the amount of SSDI benefits. If someone collecting on an LTD policy returns to work, the insurance payout may be reduced by a percentage of

the amount earned. Given the many complexities of the LTD insurance process, consider hiring a lawyer familiar with it to help navigate it.

Each LTD insurance policy has different conditions for payouts, diseases, and pre-existing conditions that may be excluded, as well as various other conditions that make the policy more or less useful to an employee. Some policies, for example, will pay disability benefits if the employee is unable to work in his or her current profession. Others expect the employee to take any job they are capable of doing. In some policies, LTD payments to the employee are subject to a defined period. Others pay an employee until he or she is 65.

Consider your health history, your family's history of LHON, and any other diseases to determine the amount of long-term disability insurance that you need.

Missouri Department of Insurance

The [Missouri Department of Insurance](#) provides information and resources on health insurance options, including disability insurance, available in Missouri.

SOCIAL SECURITY

Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)

SSDI provides benefits to disabled persons (including those who are legally blind) who are "insured" by workers' contributions to the Social Security trust fund. These contributions are based on your earnings (or those of your spouse or parents) as required by the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA). Your dependents may also be eligible for benefits from your earnings record. Adults who have been disabled since childhood may qualify for SSDI on a parent's record even if they have never worked.

SSDI differs from the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program. SSDI is funded through FICA and Social Security taxes; SSI is financed through general tax revenues. Also, the qualifications for SSDI and SSI differ.

SSDI will help if you are severely disabled and can't be employed in your field of work, have a history of work, have paid into Social Security in prior work years, and have a medical issue that meets the Social Security disability guidelines (such as legal blindness). Blindness is defined as central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with best correction, or a limitation in the field of vision in the better eye so that

the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle of 20 degrees or less. Under SSDI, this condition has to have lasted or be expected to last at least 12 months.

SSDI is an earned benefit, based on your work record. In order to qualify, you need to have worked for a minimum amount of time, depending on your age when you become disabled. Your benefit amount can be higher or lower depending on your income history and work duration.

Qualification for SSDI is primarily based on two things: documenting a disability and an evaluation of your work history. The Social Security Administration (SSA) looks at your recent work history and how long you've worked. There is also an earnings test if you're still working. If you're still able to work, and you earn over a certain amount, you aren't considered disabled.

Benefit amounts vary dramatically based on each individual's work record. The SSA uses a weighted formula to calculate disability benefits. To get an estimate, view your Social Security statement by creating an account on <https://www.ssa.gov/>.

SSDI can be applied for online at www.socialsecurity.gov. The SSA will review your application and supporting documents and make a decision as to whether or not you qualify as disabled, and if you do, whether or not you're eligible for benefits.

You can speak with an SSDI representative by calling your local Social Security office or the national number (1-800-772-1213). Specific locations can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/locator/>.

Note: If you receive SSDI benefits and become employed, it is important to pay close attention to the amount of income you earn in relation to the maximum monthly income allowed for a blind individual to earn and to continue to receive SSDI benefits. If your monthly income exceeds the monthly limit, SSDI does not automatically reduce your monthly benefit. They will review your case from time to time, and if they determine that you have received benefits to which you were not entitled, they will send a letter demanding repayment. This can be for a significant amount and can be an extremely unpleasant situation.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI)

Unlike Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI), which is based on work experience, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a program based on need. Eligibility for SSI does not depend on whether or not you worked and paid into the Social Security system. In

order to qualify for SSI benefits, your income and resources must be below a certain amount.

SSI qualification is based on your resources and is available to people who are disabled (including those who are legally blind) or over 65. The SSI program makes cash assistance payments to aged, blind, and disabled persons (including children) who have limited income and resources. The Federal Government funds SSI from general tax revenues. Many states pay a supplemental benefit to eligible persons in addition to their Federal benefits.

To apply for SSI, you can begin the process and complete a large part of your application by visiting their website at <https://www.ssa.gov/apply>. You can also call them toll-free at 1-800-772-1213 to set up an in-person or telephone appointment with a representative from your local Social Security office. Do not wait to apply. If you believe you're eligible for SSI, contact SSA right away. The earliest they will pay SSI is the month after the filing date of your application, or the month after you first meet all the eligibility requirements, whichever is later.

<https://www.ssa.gov/apply>

Note: As with SSDI, if you receive SSI benefits, it is important to pay close attention to the amount of income you earn and your assets in relation to the maximum allowed. If your monthly income exceeds the monthly limit, or if in any month your assets exceed the maximum allowed amount, SSI does not automatically stop sending your monthly benefit. If you ever request to stop receiving SSI benefits, they will review your case. If they determine that you have received benefits to which you were not entitled, they will send a letter demanding repayment. This can be for a significant amount and can be an extremely unpleasant situation.

<https://www.ssa.gov/ssi>

- Kansas City: 630 Euclid Ave, Kansas City, MO 64132 (1-800-772-1213)
- St. Louis: Suite 100, 717 N. 16th Street, St. Louis, MO 63103 (1-800-772-1213)
- Jefferson City: 129 Scott Station Rd, Jefferson City, MO 65109 (1-877-405-9803)
- Springfield: Suite 100, 1570 W. Battlefield St, Springfield, MO 65807 (1-877-850-7824)

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<https://www.ssa.gov/ssi>

Missouri Disability Portal

[Missouri Disability Portal](#) is a comprehensive resource providing information on disability benefits, health services, and related programs in Missouri. The source provides information on laws, rights, and etiquette for citizens with disabilities.

Employment Supports

There are many provisions designed to help you become self-sufficient through work. The [Social Security Red Book](#) discusses each of these provisions, including Blind Work Expenses (BWE), Impairment-Related Work Expenses (IRWE), Trial Work Period (TWP), and many others.

Protection & Advocacy for Beneficiaries of Social Security

[Protection & Advocacy for Beneficiaries of Social Security](#) (PABSS) provides advocacy and legal services to help Social Security beneficiaries facing challenges related to employment or benefits. The Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999 authorized grants to the designated Protection and Advocacy (P&A) system in all 50 states for an incentive assistance program.

MEDICAL INSURANCE

Medicare

Medicare is a national health insurance program administered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). If you are aged 18 to 64, your eligibility for Medicare is tied to your eligibility for Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) benefits. You must qualify for and receive SSDI monthly income benefits to be eligible for Medicare.

Once you are approved for SSDI, you must wait 5 months for your income benefits to begin, and an additional 24 months before Medicare benefits begin.

Medicare covers only some of the healthcare expenses of those enrolled and does not cover the cost of low-vision devices. It is divided into four Parts. Medicare Part A covers hospital, skilled nursing, and hospice services, and has no cost. Part B has a cost and covers outpatient services, outpatient hospital charges, most provider office visits, and most professionally administered prescription drugs. Your Part B cost can be deducted from your monthly SSDI and/or SSI benefit payment.

Enrollees can cover most of the remaining costs by taking additional private insurance and/or by joining a Part C Medicare health plan. Part C is an alternative to the

combination of Parts A and B, called Managed Medicare or Medicare Advantage, that allows patients to choose health plans with at least the same level of service coverage as Parts A and B. A beneficiary must enroll in Parts A and B first before signing up for Part C. Part D covers most self-administered prescription drugs.

MO Healthnet

The [Missouri Department of Social Services](#) provides healthcare assistance through MO HealthNet, offering coverage for medical expenses, including services like nursing home care and personal assistance. This Medicaid program serves eligible residents across Missouri. Costs for services are generally subsidized or free for those who qualify, depending on income and specific needs. Full details on service types, application processes, and eligibility can be found on the MO HealthNet page.

Blind Pension Program

The [Blind Pension Program](#) created by the Missouri Department of Social Services provides a monthly cash grant and healthcare coverage through Missouri Medicaid (MO HealthNet) to eligible individuals who do not qualify for Supplemental Aid to the Blind or Supplemental Security Income (SSI).

If found eligible for Blind Pension, you cannot also receive Temporary Assistance, Vendor Care, Supplemental Nursing Care, HCB, or SLMB2.

This program is limited to individuals who are over the age of 18 and do not have a sighted spouse who can support the participant. Refer to the website linked below for more information on eligibility requirements.

Supplemental Aid to the Blind Program

The [Supplemental Aid to the Blind program](#) is administered alongside the Blind Pension Program. It offers a monthly cash grant and healthcare coverage through the Missouri Medicaid (MO HealthNet) program to eligible individuals to help them meet their basic needs.

Eligibility for this program requires that you cannot receive Temporary Assistance, Vendor Care, or Supplemental Nursing Care and be willing to apply for Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits.

This program is limited to individuals who are over the age of 18 and do not have a sighted spouse or parent who can support the participant. Refer to the website linked below for more information on eligibility requirements.

Cover Missouri

[Cover Missouri](#) helps Missouri residents get, keep, and use their health coverage by providing resources and assistance with health insurance options. Offers free in-person or virtual help to find a health insurance plan that fits the individual's needs and budget.

The Missouri Primary Care Association

The [Missouri Primary Care Association](#) (MPCA) connects individuals with local Community Health Centers that provide comprehensive services such as primary care, oral health, and behavioral health. These centers aim to deliver accessible, affordable healthcare across Missouri, ensuring quality care in community-based settings. Service locations vary throughout the state, and fees are generally income-based to ensure affordability for all. For specific locations, detailed services, and price structures, visit the MPCA and find a health center page.

Missouri SHIP

[Missouri SHIP](#) is a nonprofit agency that offers free, unbiased counseling on Medicare and Medicaid to Missouri residents, assisting with understanding and accessing benefits. Certified counselor volunteers are local and have extensive training.

Missouri Council of the Blind - Health Benefit Program

The [Missouri Council of the Blind](#) - Health Benefit Program through MCB provides financial assistance to employed legally blind citizens of Missouri and all employed members of the MCB.

Missouri Rx Plan

[Missouri Rx Plan](#) provides pharmacy benefits to eligible Missourians enrolled in Medicare Part D, assisting with medication costs. MORx works with all approved Medicare Part D plans, including Medicare Advantage Drug Plans. MORx pays for 50% of your out-of-pocket costs on medications that are covered by your Medicare Part D plan.

Missouri Family Support Division

[Missouri Family Support Division](#) provides information and assistance with applying for medical assistance programs, including Medicaid and disability-related services. Aids with blind services as well as finding and keeping a job through a job training and employment program.

Missouri Department of Mental Health

[Missouri Department of Mental Health Community Mental Health Centers](#) (CMHCs) in Missouri provide comprehensive behavioral health services, including mental health

and substance use treatment, across 25 service areas throughout the state. These centers, managed by the Division of Behavioral Health, determine eligibility and coordinate services based on community needs.

Costs may vary based on the type of service and patient eligibility, with many centers offering sliding scale fees to enhance affordability.

GENETIC TESTING

There are several ways to make LHON genetic testing cost-effective:

Obligate Carrier/On the Maternal Bloodline

It is first helpful to understand the genetic transmission of an LHON mutation. LHON is maternally inherited, and a woman who carries a LHON mutation usually passes that mutation to all of her children.

If someone on your maternal bloodline had genetic testing done and has a confirmed diagnosis of their LHON mutation, you can reasonably assume that you're an "obligate carrier." This means that based on genetics, you carry the same LHON mutation. You can presume you carry that LHON mutation without doing any genetic testing, which is the least expensive option. Also, there are no test results in your medical records that could impact your future insurance choices.

If you're an obligate carrier and would prefer to have your own genetic testing done to confirm your genetic status, you can save money by testing for just the specific mutation in your family. Most LHON genetic testing is performed as a panel that simultaneously tests for multiple LHON mutations. However, if you have a copy of your maternal relative's LHON genetic test results, you can get testing done for that single, targeted mutation. The cost is far less than the broader panel test.

First in Family

If you're the first in your extended maternal family to become affected by LHON and/or to get genetic testing done, there are ways to limit the cost, including the following:

- The [Carver Lab at the University of Iowa](#) is a non-profit lab, so the cost of an LHON panel test is usually much lower than at for-profit labs. Note that they batch their testing, so the turnaround time is slower than that of other labs.
- [Athena Diagnostics](#) offers the Athena Alliance Program. This is a financial assistance program for low-income individuals.

- [GeneDx](#) offers a Financial Assistance Program and accepts all commercial insurance, Medicaid, Medicare, and Tricare plans.
- [Probably Genetic](#) offers free at-home testing.

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EDUCATION

Early Childhood

Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE) services are designed for young children (aged 3-5) with disabilities who need specially designed instruction or related services and who are unable to participate in developmentally appropriate, typical preschool activities due to their disability.

School districts are required by law to ensure that a developmentally appropriate ESCE program and services are available. ECSE programs and services ensure that all children with disabilities have a free and appropriate public education (FAPE) that is designed to meet their unique needs and enable them to make progress in acquiring knowledge and skills, improving social relationships, and learning to take action to meet their needs within the general education program.

School Age

If someone becomes affected by LHON while in elementary, middle, or high school, it is important to contact their school district immediately. A discussion with the school principal or the Section 504 coordinator at the school district is often the best first step to address concerns.

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, commonly called "Section 504," is a federal law that protects students from discrimination based on disability. This law applies to all programs and activities that receive federal funding, including Florida public schools.

Under Section 504, students with disabilities are entitled to accommodations, aids, and services to access and benefit from education. Section 504 requires that public schools provide a “free appropriate public education” to every student with a disability, regardless of the nature or severity of the disability. A counselor or coordinator works with the student and their family, teacher(s), and the school to develop an Individualized Education Program (IEP) to support and accommodate the student’s needs.

For detailed information on Section 504, please see the Parent and Educator Resource Guide to Section 504 in Public Elementary and Secondary Schools:
www.ed.gov

Higher Education

If someone becomes affected at college age or later and seeks to continue higher education, it’s important to establish a relationship with the campus disability/accessibility center. Most colleges and universities offer low-vision assistance and resources such as notetakers and priority registration, as well as other support services.

American Foundation for the Blind Digital Inclusion Toolkit

The [American Foundation for the Blind](http://www.afb.org) offers many resources for navigating educational advocacy as a blind student, parent of a blind student, or teacher. They provide digital inclusion toolkits for each of these subgroups to ensure blind students can receive an equitable education.

Missouri Council of the Blind Youth Services

The [Missouri Council of the Blind Youth Services](http://www.mcbys.org) assists youth, parents, guardians, and teachers by helping children who are legally blind through their senior year in high school.

This organization provides information and purchases educational items to give equal opportunity to all students. Grants will be awarded for up to \$225 a year. An application must be completed with supporting documents from blind organizations such as Delta Gamma or St. Louis Society for the Blind.

Missouri Council of the Blind Educational Scholarship

The [Educational Scholarship Program](http://www.mcb.org) through the MCB provides \$2000 to any legally blind Missourian pursuing a full-time course of study at the undergraduate and graduate levels.

This program is designed to help offset some of the additional expenses associated with students' disability, including transportation, on campus guides, or the cost of having someone read materials not available in accessible formats. Members of MCB receive the full benefits of the scholarship program; nonmembers receive 50% of the benefits.

Nationally Available Scholarships

- [NFB Scholarship Program](#)
- [College Scholarships](#)
- [Lighthouse Guild Scholarships](#)
- [Christian Record Services Scholarship](#)
- [ACB Scholarship](#)
- [Learning Ally's National Achievement Awards](#)
- [Financial Aid for Students with Disabilities](#)
- [LHON.org](#)

Student Loan Forgiveness

A Total and Permanent Discharge (TPD) relieves you from having to repay a William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan (Direct Loan) Program loan, Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program loan, and/or Federal Perkins Loan (Perkins Loan) Program loan, or complete a TEACH Grant service obligation, on the basis of your total and permanent disability. Before your federal student loans or TEACH Grant service obligation can be discharged, you must provide information to the Department of Education, Federal Student Aid Department, to show that you are totally and permanently disabled. The Department will evaluate the information and determine if you qualify for a TPD discharge.

If you think you might qualify and want to apply for a TPD discharge, you must complete a TPD discharge application and gather supporting documentation on your disability. Contact the Department to apply, either by phone: 888.303.7818 or by email: disabilityInformation@Nelnet.net. Start an [application online](#).

If the Department approves your TPD discharge request, they will notify you and the holders of your loans and/or TEACH Grant service obligation of the approval. They will also instruct the loan holders to return any loan payments received after their disability date to the person who made the payments. Your "disability date" is the date they received the documentation of your SSA notice of award for SSDI or SSI benefits or the

date the physician signed your discharge application, depending on the type of documentation you provided to show that you are totally and permanently disabled.

After being notified that the Department has approved your discharge request, your loan holders will transfer your loans and/or TEACH Grant service obligation to the Department for discharge. You will then be subject to a 3-year post-discharge monitoring period that begins on the date the discharge is approved. There are requirements that you must meet during the post-discharge monitoring period.

Note: The Department will reinstate your obligation to repay your discharged loans or complete your discharged TEACH Grant service obligation if, at any time during the 3-year monitoring period, you do not meet the requirements of the post-discharge monitoring period.

EMPLOYMENT

Disability Rights

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) is federal legislation that addresses bias and protects the rights of people with disabilities in the workplace. The ADA prohibits employers from discriminating against qualified individuals with disabilities. A disability is defined broadly as any mental or physical impairment that limits at least one major life function. Workers are deemed qualified to perform a job under the ADA if they meet the job's educational and other requirements and can perform the job's duties, with or without reasonable accommodations.

Employment Assistance Programs

Many employers offer an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) that will include several visits to a mental health professional at no cost. The onset of LHON vision loss can have a significant impact on the mental health of the individual affected and their loved ones. An EAP is a valuable opportunity to try working with a mental health professional at no charge. Additional access to a therapist or counselor may be available through your health insurance or at your local non-profit agency serving the blind and visually impaired.

Goodwill Services for People with Disabilities

[Goodwill](#) offers job placement and vocational training programs tailored to individuals with disabilities, including visual impairments. Services include free career centers that

assist you in searching for a job, writing a resume, and building your job interview skills, rehabilitation programs that help you in your physical recovery, and assistance with your taxes through the Real Economic Impact (REI) partnership, which can provide up to \$5,000 in credits, if eligible.

Job Accommodation Network

The [Job Accommodation Network](#) (JAN) is a leading source of free, expert, and confidential guidance on workplace accommodations and disability employment issues. JAN's consultants offer one-on-one guidance on workplace accommodations, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and related legislation, and self-employment and entrepreneurship options for people with disabilities. Assistance is available both over the phone and online. JAN provides individualized consultation to assist:

- Individuals with medical conditions and disabilities seeking information about job accommodation solutions, employment rights under the ADA, and self-employment and entrepreneurship opportunities.
- Family members and professionals in rehabilitation, medical, educational, and other fields are working to support successful employment outcomes for individuals with medical conditions and disabilities.
- Employers and their representatives seek guidance on practical ways to engage in the interactive process, provide job accommodation solutions, and comply with Title I of the ADA.

TRANSPORTATION

Discounted Public Transportation

In many municipalities, a rider with a qualifying disability, such as legal blindness, can apply for a discounted regional transportation fare card for buses, subways, streetcars, or ferries, depending on local rules. In most cases, you can load cash value onto the card, which will be deducted automatically upon use. To apply for a discounted transit card, contact your local transit authority. You will usually need to fill out a form and have your doctor sign it.

Paratransit

Paratransit is a transportation service for individuals with disabilities who are unable to use public transportation services. A transit agency must provide paratransit service within 3/4 of a mile of a bus route or rail station. This service must be available on the same days and at the same hours as regular transit services. You may have to pay a

higher fare for paratransit services, but it cannot exceed twice the regular fare. You're eligible for paratransit service if you're unable to use public transit because of your disability.

Demonstrating legal blindness is usually adequate to establish eligibility. Contact your local transit agency to request access to your local paratransit service. The transit agency may ask you to support your request for paratransit services with a letter from your doctor. Once approved, you can schedule trips by following your transit agency's scheduling process. Transit agencies are required to offer next-day service and must agree to pick you up within an hour of your requested time.

Ability Transportation

Ability Transportation is based in Springfield, MO and is a state-approved provider for non-emergency medical transportation for Medicaid clients in Missouri.

To schedule a ride with Ability Transportation through Medicaid, call Medical Transportation Management at (866) 269-5927 and request Ability Transportation. To schedule a ride through Ability Transportation, visit their website, <https://www.abilitrans.com/ride-request> or call (417) 414-9100.

Cape Girardeau County Transit Authority

The Cape Girardeau County Transit Authority (CGCTA) was established to provide safe, reliable, efficient, and cost-effective transit services to all residents and visitors of Cape Girardeau, MO. The CGCTA offers demand-response services and fixed-route services. ADA Complementary Paratransit is available for individuals who live three-quarters of a mile from the designated routes but cannot use the fixed route service due to a disability. To schedule a ride or use a fixed-route visit their website <https://www.cgcta.com/about> or call (573) 335-5533.

Go Como Columbia's Public Transit

[Go Como Columbia's Public Transit](#) in the city of Columbia has lift-equipped mini-buses that provide origin to destination service to qualified individuals. This service area is defined as the area within $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile from any point on all regular City bus routes, with the area outside serviced on a space available basis. Information on scheduling a ride can be found on Columbia's public transit website.

Ray County Direct Transit

[Ray County Direct Transit](#) aims to offer safe, reliable, affordable, and diversified transportation services to the citizens of Ray County, MO. Transportation services can be reached using their phone number (816-776-8058) or website.

Jefferson City Handi-Wheels

[Jefferson City Handi-Wheels](#) (JEFFTRAN), Jefferson City's public bus system, offers a paratransit service to pick up clients and take them to any destination within city limits that can be safely reached. Handi-Wheels fares are \$3.00 (one way) and are application-based. More information can be found at JEFFTRAN's website.

RideKC Freedom

[RideKC Freedom](#) is a paratransit program that provides ADA and non-ADA transportation service to eligible customers in the regions of Kansas City and Independence, MO. Applications can be found on their website.

Disability Parking Placard

A qualified disabled person may obtain a [Disability Parking Placard](#). If someone is determined to be blind according to Missouri law, they are eligible for a placard. Placards can be moved from one vehicle to another, making them a good option for someone affected by LHON who rides in various cars. One can apply for a permanent disability parking placard on the Missouri Department of Revenue.

Ridesharing Services

The two largest ridesharing services are [Uber](#) and [Lyft](#). Both utilize software and smartphone technology to assist visually impaired riders to get from place to place. Both services offer: cashless options to simplify the payment process, reducing the need for riders to worry about counting out cash or exchanging bills with a driver; on-demand transportation so riders no longer have to pre-arrange trips through dispatchers or paratransit options; upfront pricing so riders know the cost of their trip before requesting the ride; the ability to share the rider's ETA and location with friends or family members; and service animal policies which require drivers to comply with all applicable laws regarding the transportation of service animals.

Additionally, rideshare companies have been partnering with the National Federation of the Blind (NFB) and Lighthouse for the Blind to increase awareness of blind passengers' rights, advocate for effective public policies, and expand transportation options for passengers who are blind or have low vision. They are hoping to make their apps more accessible and inclusive.

GoGoGrandparent

Now available in all 50 states, [GoGoGrandparent](#) offers on-demand ridesharing services, as well as grocery and meal delivery for seniors and people with disabilities. GoGoGrandparent leverages the existing population of Uber and Lyft drivers but manages them within GoGo's own organization. Rides are ordered via a simple phone

call to the customer service number, operated 24/7. No smartphone or computer needed.

To use GoGo, you must create an account. They offer a variety of plans and pricing options to suit your needs.

Note: Some municipalities in the country have contracted with GoGo to offer free or discounted rides as part of their disability services, so check in the city where you live.

Air Travel

People with visual impairments are protected under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) that all airlines follow; however, specific methods can differ from airline to airline. While airport personnel should always accommodate requests for assistance, making arrangements in advance can help avoid time-consuming travel headaches and delays.

When making your reservation, contact the airline's disability support desk; they often have a dedicated phone number. Your reservation can be marked to provide ground staff and onboard personnel with all the information they need to facilitate any special arrangements you may require, such as transportation to your gate and upon arrival at your destination, as well as assistance with your baggage and ground transportation. This information can also be entered into an online reservation.

Additionally, some airlines' disability support desks can waive seat assignment fees, and/or provide a lower cost fare for a companion you may have traveling with you to provide assistance. Check with your airline to see what specific services they provide.

Miracle Flights

Some people affected by LHON want to travel to a distant location to see a LHON specialist, but find the travel cost prohibitive. One option to consider is [Miracle Flights](#), the nation's leading medical flight charity and one of the only national non-profits. They arrange more than 600 flights every month to medical facilities across the country.

Amtrak

[Amtrak](#) offers a 10% rail fare discount to adult passengers with a disability. Child passengers with a disability are eligible for the everyday 50% child discount plus an additional 10% off the discounted child fare, regardless of the service they travel on. Amtrak also offers a 10% discount for persons traveling with a passenger with a disability as a companion. Those designated as a companion must be able to provide the necessary assistance to the passenger with a disability.

Just select 'Passenger with Disability' or 'Companion' for each passenger as appropriate in Fare Finder at the beginning of your search to receive the applicable discounts.

You must provide written documentation of your disability at the ticket counter and when boarding the train. Acceptable documentation includes a transit system ID card for persons with a disability, a membership card from a disability organization, a letter from a physician, a Medicare card (if under 65), or a Disabled/Accessible parking placard issued by a state Department of Motor Vehicles (a photocopy is acceptable).

TRAVEL & LEISURE

Missouri Council of the Blind Youth Camp

The [Missouri Council of the Blind Youth Camp program](#) of the MCB provides funds for the legally blind youth of Missouri, under the age of 18, to attend a camp of their choice. The program awards up to \$600 per child and is administered for each child to attend one camp annually.

National Parks Access Pass

The [National Parks Access Pass](#) is a free, lifetime pass available to U.S. citizens or permanent residents, regardless of age, who have a permanent disability. It can be used at over 2,000 Federal recreation sites across the nation, including National Parks, National Wildlife Refuges, and many National Forest lands. Discounts offered by the Pass vary widely across the many different types of recreation sites. Pass owners are encouraged to check with sites they plan to visit before obtaining a Pass to verify that their Pass will be accepted. Any time a Pass is used, photo identification will be requested to verify Pass ownership.

The Pass may be obtained at certain federal recreation sites, through the mail, or online. To obtain a pass, you must have identification to verify that you are a U.S. citizen or permanent resident, as well as documentation that you have a permanent disability. Showing a state motor vehicle department disability sticker, license plate, or placard is not acceptable documentation.

If you apply for an Access Pass at a Federal recreation site, you do NOT need to fill out an application. Upon arrival, the officer will verify your documentation of disability and that you are a U.S. citizen or permanent resident by checking your ID. You will then be issued the Pass.

The Pass is free if obtained in person, and there is no processing fee. Before making a trip to obtain a Pass, be sure to contact the site to ensure that they have Passes available. To obtain an Access Pass through the mail or online, you must complete an application, provide a photocopy of proof of citizenship or residency, documentation of disability, and pay the processing fee. The cost of obtaining an Access Pass through the mail or online is \$10 for application processing (the Pass is free).

Fishing License

Florida residents with a valid Florida Driver's License or ID can apply online for a [Resident Persons with Disabilities License](#), which includes saltwater fishing, freshwater fishing, and hunting licenses. If the applicant does not have a Florida driver's license or ID card, they may provide proof of residency documentation at a local tax collector's office.

Theatre Discounts

Many theatres throughout the country offer discounts and often special seating for the blind. Many also offer special performances with a live AudioDescriber. Check with the theatres in your area.

SPORTS

Challenged Athletes Foundation

[Challenged Athletes Foundation](#) (CAF) offers grants to athletes with any disability, including vision loss, to support their athletic activities.

Dare2Tri

[Dare2Tri](#) provides opportunities for people with physical disabilities and/or visual impairments to develop skills in Para triathlon.

[Ski for Light](#) is an all-volunteer, non-profit organization whose mission is to teach visually- and mobility-impaired adults the sport of classic cross-country skiing.

Facilities like the [National Ability Center](#) provide adaptive sports opportunities, often at low/no cost to the vision impaired.

A good source of information on sports available in your area is the [United States Association of Blind Athletes](#).

Audiobooks and Periodicals

Bookshare

[Bookshare](#) is an ebook library where members can access a collection of over 1,109,245 titles. It includes books for school, career, and reading pleasure, as well as titles in over 34 languages. Thanks to funding from the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) in the U.S. Department of Education, Bookshare is free for all qualified U.S. students and schools. Qualified individuals who are not students pay a nominal annual membership fee. To qualify, you will need to provide a proof of disability form signed by a qualified expert, such as an ophthalmologist.

Braille and Audio Reading Download

[Braille and Audio Reading Download](#) (BARD) is a free online service run by The National Library Service for the Blind and Print Disabled (NLS) that allows you to download books and magazines instantly.

To use BARD, you must be an NLS patron and fill out an application. Once approved, you can download the BARD mobile app for either iOS or Android at no cost.

Braille and Talking Book Library

The [Florida Bureau of Braille and Talking Book Library](#) provides information and reading materials in Braille and recorded audio formats to Florida residents who are unable to use standard print due to visual, physical, or reading disabilities.

Libby by OverDrive

The [Libby app](#) is a free downloadable audiobook borrowing service that works with any public library using OverDrive. Over 90% of public libraries in North America have OverDrive. To utilize Libby, you need a library card from your local OverDrive-enabled library. Once downloaded, the Libby app works with Windows 10, iOS, or Android. The app can be downloaded from your preferred app store.

NFB-NEWSLINE

Anyone who cannot read printed publications due to vision loss is eligible to receive [NFB-NEWSLINE](#), a free audio news service offering access to more than 500 publications, emergency weather alerts, job listings, and more.

Wolfner Talking Book and Braille Library

[Wolfner Talking Book and Braille Library](#) provides informational and recreational materials in Braille, audio formats, and large print free of charge to Missourians who cannot use standard print materials due to blindness, visual or physical impairment, or a reading disability. Wolfner Library also provides disability-related information to the public. Wolfner Library is part of the National Library Service for the Blind and Print Disabled (NLS). All Wolfner Library materials are mailed free of charge through the U.S. Postal Service.

ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY

[Missouri Assistive Technology](#) (MoAT) Missouri Council of the Blind (MCB) - Adaptive Technology Grant Program

MoAT offers programs and services to enhance the accessibility of assistive technologies for Missourians with disabilities, including training and technical assistance. Assistive devices and financial loans are available as well.

The Adaptive Technology Grants Program through the MCB, via a matching grant, aids individuals in purchasing adaptive hardware and software. This includes legally blind MCB members receiving up to 50% and non members receiving 25% of the cost of adaptive technology products.

vision, it is often simpler and more secure than using a physical card. Apple Pay can be used at any store that accepts tap-to-pay, restaurants, vending machines, trains, & taxis.

Aira

[Aira](#) delivers instant access to visual information. Aira's trained, professional agents remotely assist people who are blind or have low vision with virtually any task, all without a sighted assistant nearby. Through an app on your smartphone, you can connect with a trained Aira agent. Pick the plan that makes the most sense for you, sign up in a couple of minutes, and download the Aira app to your smartphone. Access agents on demand for almost any task, take advantage of ride-share integration to get you where you need to be, and use one of the ever-growing list of free Aira Access offers to save you money while doing it. To discover all available free Aira Access offers, just tap on the "Search & Apply a Free Offer" button on the home screen of your Aira app.

Be My Eyes

[Be My Eyes](#) is a free app that connects blind and low-vision people with sighted volunteers and company representatives for visual assistance via live video calls. It works similarly to Aira. You connect via an iOS or Android app on your phone. During the call, you and a volunteer can communicate directly and solve a problem. The volunteer can help guide which direction to point your camera and what to focus on. A blind or low-vision user may need help with anything from checking expiration dates to distinguishing colors to reading instructions to navigating new surroundings.

Additionally, Be My Eyes has recently introduced Be My AI, a state-of-the-art visual assistance tool that helps vividly describe images via a phone app. Calls can still be escalated to a human, but this is only required in 10% of use cases.

Seeing AI

[Seeing AI](#) is a free app developed by Microsoft that helps people with vision impairment convert visual info into audio. Optimized for use with the iPhone's VoiceOver setting, the app enables you to recognize:

- Short Text – Speaks text as soon as it appears in front of the camera
- Documents - Provides audio guidance to capture a printed page, and recognizes the text, along with its original formatting
- Products - Scans barcodes, using audio beeps to guide you, allowing you to hear the name and package information when available
- People - Saves people's faces so you can recognize them, and get an estimate of their age, gender, and emotions
- Currency - Recognizes currency
- Color - Identifies color
- Handwriting - Reads handwritten text like in greeting cards
- Photo browsing experience - Describes photos on your phone

Apple Pay

Once set up, Apple Pay is easy and works with your Apple devices. You can make contactless, secure purchases in stores, apps, and on the web. You can also send and receive money from friends and family. Apple Pay is safe, helping you avoid touching buttons or exchanging cash. For many people with low vision, it is often simpler and more secure than using a physical card. Apple Pay can be used at any store that accepts tap-to-pay, as well as at restaurants, vending machines, trains, and taxis.

Assistive Technology Fund

Operated by the [Association of Blind Citizens](#), the ATF will provide 50% funding toward the retail price of adaptive technologies for the blind and visually impaired. An individual is eligible for this fund if they are legally blind, have a family income of less than \$50,000, and the covered products are valued between \$200 and \$6,000.

Computers for the Blind

[Computers for the Blind](#) (CFTB) is a non-profit organization located in Richardson, Texas, devoted to providing refurbished computers with assistive technology to people who are blind or visually impaired, at very low cost. There are no income or age requirements. There is a processing fee for a desktop or laptop with JAWS or ZoomText installed. Shipping is free in the US.

TAX TIPS

Several aspects of federal tax law apply specifically to individuals who are legally blind (vision is 20/200 or worse in the better eye). Some of those deductions are described below, but check with the IRS or your local tax preparer for comprehensive information.

Deduction for the Legally Blind

Legally blind federal tax filers can claim unique deductions. This translates into a larger tax break, allowing you to subtract a bigger standard tax deduction from your adjusted gross income. Married filers also benefit from this deduction when their spouse is visually impaired. If you're blind and over age 65, your savings increase.

Impairment-Related Work Expenses

You may require special equipment or accommodations as an employee or self-employed individual. The tax code allows you to subtract expenses for things you must have in order to work. Called impairment-related work expenses, they appear as unreimbursed employee expenses on the Schedule A form used for itemizing.

The minimum dollar amount requirements do not apply to blind filers.

Impairment-related work expenses you might have, provided you don't count them under medical expenses, include the following: computer attachments for Braille display and typing, electronic visual aids, high-speed Internet connection, modifications to your home, software that provides synthetic voice description, and reader services.

Medical Deductions for the Blind

The law allows you to deduct what you spend to prevent, diagnose, or treat illness, as well as any costs related to your blindness or visual impairment. As with any taxpayer, the total of both types of medical expenses must be more than 10% of your adjusted gross income before you can claim a deduction. Transportation to and from a doctor's office, prescriptions, insurance premiums, and tests are examples of accepted medical deduction expenses, as are disability-associated items such as Braille magazines and books (costs that exceed regular print versions), Braille printers, eyeglasses, eye exams, eye surgery, guide dog, and all related costs and home modifications.

Tax Preparation Assistance

Blind or low-vision people are eligible for tax preparation assistance from their local IRS office or through the Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program, sponsored by the IRS. Taxpayers can find a nearby IRS office location by calling 1-800-906-9887.

Missouri Tax Credit Claim

[Missouri Property Tax Credit Claim](#) gives credit to certain senior citizens and 100 percent disabled individuals for a portion of the real estate taxes or rent they have paid for the year. The credit is for a maximum of \$750 for renters and \$1,100 for owners who owned and occupied their home. The actual credit is based on the amount of real estate taxes or rent paid and total household income.

MISCELLANEOUS

Leader Dogs for the Blind

[Leader Dogs](#) is an organization that aims to enhance the mobility, independence, and quality of life of people with vision impairment through services ranging from matching with a Leader Dog to white cane training. Through their guide dog training services, clients can train with their guide dog in a variety of situations to meet current and future lifestyle needs. Their services are provided at no cost, and their program will cover expenses for training, room and board, and travel to their campus.

Low-Cost Grocery Delivery

[Amazon](#) offers an unlimited grocery delivery service in conjunction with Amazon Fresh and Whole Foods. The service costs \$10 a month for Prime members and \$5 a month for those with a registered SNAP/EBT card. The program includes free, unlimited grocery deliveries on orders over \$35 from Amazon Fresh, Whole Foods, and select specialty retailers, including Cardenas Markets, Rite Aid, Pet Food Express, and Mission Wine & Spirits.

Southeast Guide Dogs (Florida)

This nonprofit organization, based in Florida, provides guide dogs and service animals to individuals who are blind or visually impaired. They also offer free training programs to help guide dog users become independent.

Avoiding Unnecessary Medical Care

The diagnostic odyssey for LHON can be extremely expensive, including many tests to rule out other, more common causes of sudden vision loss. Many individuals have spent thousands of dollars on tests and treatments for diseases they did not have (Brain Tumor, Optic Neuritis, MS, NMO, etc.). They and/or their loved ones have lost time from work for these appointments, and have spent money traveling to a range of specialists trying to get the correct diagnosis. If LHON vision loss begins when an individual knows they carry an LHON mutation, they can avoid all of these costs and go directly to a LHON specialist for care. This is one of many reasons why people in the LHON community tell their maternal relatives about LHON. While it can be difficult information to share, there can be great value. There are several videos and links in the Genealogy section of the LHON.org website that can help identify maternal relatives and prepare to share the information.

Since there are no approved treatments for LHON, patients and their families can be vulnerable to unproven, experimental, and expensive “treatments”. It’s important to avoid clinics that claim to offer “clinical trials” that require patients to pay to participate. Legitimate trials will not require patient payment.

General Financial Support

Many in the LHON community have been creative in finding financial support. Local service organizations are often willing to assist those in need, particularly Lions Clubs, which have a specific mission to serve people with vision loss. College fraternities and sororities often do fundraising and are willing to provide support, especially the Delta Gamma (DG) sorority, whose philanthropy is Service for Sight. GoFundMe.com is a fundraising platform on which individuals can describe their financial hardship or need, then share the link with family and friends to crowdsource donations.

This document is intended as a general guide only. It was developed by LHON volunteers and is subject to change. It does not purport to provide legal, financial or tax guidance. You should check with each listed provider and your own advisors for your specific situation.

